ANNUAL REPORT 2016-2017
NIH Administrative Training Committee

Infusing Future Leaders into Administrative Fields

NIH National Institutes of Health

PMF - Presidential Management Fellows Program
U.S. Office of Personnel Management
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NIH Administrative Training Committee

The mission of the Administrative Training Committee (ATC) is to develop a highly skilled and diverse NIH workforce of management leaders who can support and expand NIH’s world-class research mission now and into the future. As an advisory body to the NIH Deputy Director for Management, the ATC works in partnership with the NIH Training Center (NIHTC) to develop policies, provide oversight and implement plans to administer the Management Intern and the Presidential Management Fellows programs.

To date, the MI and PMF programs have produced almost 650 graduates who have gone on to serve in a variety of NIH leadership positions. With a proven track record and demonstrated value, the ATC and the MI/PMF programs have helped NIH fulfill its mission as the nation’s medical research agency—making important discoveries that improve health and save lives.

Background

Program Descriptions

The Management Intern (MI) and the Presidential Management Fellows (PMF) programs have been a part of NIH since 1957 and 1985, respectively. Many of NIH’s senior administrative leaders are alumni of these esteemed programs. Graduates gain a broad understanding of NIH, developed during unique training rotations through a range of administrative and programmatic areas in a variety of Institutes, Centers, and Offices.

Two-year internship
1957
Provides current NIH employees with the opportunity to explore changing career tracks

Two-year federal fellowship
1985
Attracts advanced degree candidates from varied disciplines with interests in public service

Mentorship  Rotations  IDPs  Training  Performance Evaluation

These two-year programs are highly competitive, attracting and retaining the best and the brightest candidates. Participants develop Individual Development Plans (IDPs) and select rotational assignments that are tailored to meet their career development goals and the agency's long-term succession planning needs in areas including budget and
finance, communications, program and management analysis, information technology, grants management, acquisitions, and human resources. Interns and fellows have a dedicated formal mentor who guides them throughout their tenure. MIs/PMFs develop leadership, management, and communication skills by participating in a variety of NIH wide projects and on committees for events such as the Intern/Fellow Orientation, Management Seminar Series, and Graduation program.

“Infusing Future Leaders into Administrative Fields”

Management Intern Program

Since its inception in 1957, the MI program has offered key resources, targeted training, and hands-on experience to motivated NIH employees who are interested in pursuing new administrative and management opportunities. Many MIs use the program to move from the bench or clinical work to administrative careers, or to shift from para-professional positions into a professional job series. All MIs are current NIH employees and serve in at-large positions.

The ATC MI Subcommittee oversees a rigorous recruitment and selection process. NIH MI recruitment typically begins in March and concludes in June, though dates in 2017 have been impacted by government wide hiring restrictions. NIH Title 5 staff may submit completed application packages online at USAJobs, and eligible candidates are invited to complete a one-hour written exercise on a topic selected by the ATC MI Subcommittee. The written exercises are rated by NIH communication specialists, and top scorers are invited to participate in a group exercise to assess skills in communication, group dynamics, and problem-solving. A small number of finalists are then invited to a panel interview before the ATC MI Subcommittee to assess leadership, analytical, interpersonal, and resourcefulness skills.

For more information on the MI program and eligibility requirements, visit https://trainingcenter.nih.gov/intern/mi/index.html.

Presidential Management Fellows Program

The PMF program targets advanced degree candidates who have a passion for public service and who possess exceptional leadership, communication, analytical, and interpersonal skills. The application and assessment process begins each fall and is managed centrally by the Office of Personnel Management (OPM). NIH has participated in the program since 1985 and there are three types of PMFs hired at NIH:
• **At-Large PMFs** are hired by the Office of Human Resources (OHR), and work with the Office to create their own schedules of 3- to 4-month rotations throughout NIH. These rotational opportunities provide on-the-job training with exposure to senior leadership.

• **Designated PMFs** rotate throughout one Institute or Center (IC), with at least one rotation outside of the IC.

• **Targeted PMFs** are hired for a specific position for two years, except for a required 4- to 6-month developmental rotation assignment.

NIH continues to hire a variety of PMFs each year. Interested ICs work with OHR to develop appropriate job descriptions which are entered into an U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) system to gather applications. OHR’s Global Recruitment Unit (GRU) adjudicates for veterans’ preference and qualifications and sends certificates to hiring managers. The ATC PMF Subcommittee interviews candidates for at-large positions, while ICs interview candidates for designated and targeted positions. All offers are extended by the OHR/GRU.


**Comparison of Programs**

A brief comparison of the current programs administered by the ATC is provided in the chart below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Program</th>
<th>Audience</th>
<th>Current Program Size</th>
<th>Program Components</th>
<th>Leadership Pipeline?</th>
<th>Core Admin Rotations?</th>
<th>Budget Source</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>At-Large PMFs</td>
<td>External to NIH; Hired at GS-9</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>Multiple rotations, Cross-organizational, Trans-NIH experience</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>OHR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Management Interns</td>
<td>Current NIH employees; Hired at GS-7–11</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>Multiple rotations, Cross-organizational, Trans-NIH experience</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>OHR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Designated PMFs</td>
<td>External to NIH; Hired at GS-9 or 11</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>Multiple rotations within IC (NCI) or across NIH (NIAID)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>IC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Designated Targeted PMFs</td>
<td>External to NIH; Hired at GS-9 or 11</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Generally just one rotation, IC-specific and job-specific experience</td>
<td>Sometimes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>IC</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Program Administration and Oversight

The Deputy Director for Management (DDM) serves as the overall champion of the intern and fellows programs for NIH, providing career development and succession planning. The ATC is an advisory body to the DDM, working in partnership with the NIH Training Center. The ATC is composed primarily of leaders at the GS-14 through Senior Executive Service (SES) levels from across NIH. Members are nominated by the IC executive officers. The committee’s primary responsibility is to oversee the MI and PMF programs, support and encourage leadership development of interns and fellows, and create policy and guidance for the programs in collaboration with OHR.

Each intern/fellow program has a corresponding ATC Subcommittee that works closely with the program manager and staff of the NIH Training Center. Subcommittee efforts focus on program oversight and activities in support of recruitment, development, and retention of interns/fellows for their respective programs.

The NIHTC is a component of the Workforce Support and Development Division in OHR and has operational authority and responsibility for the centrally funded, at-large intern/fellow programs. Each NIHTC program manager supervises interns/fellows within their respective program and coordinates and delivers the components of the program.

Interns/fellows are required to identify a formal mentor for the duration of the program. Mentors are high-level staff from across NIH who volunteer and commit to a two-year relationship with the intern/fellow to provide critical guidance, networking, and institutional knowledge. Mentors approve training requests and IDPs, identify potential rotation experiences and informational interviews, and assist interns/fellows in meeting their specific program requirements.

Interns/fellows are expected to rotate throughout the organization over the two-year duration of their program. Rotational supervisors oversee the day-to-day activities of the intern/fellow and provide a performance rating at the end of the rotation.

Each ATC Subcommittee includes one extern from the class of recent graduates who serves in the capacity for one year unless a term extension is warranted. In addition to supporting the ATC Subcommittees, externs serve as liaisons between current interns/fellows and the ATC. The graphic on the next page depicts the components of the NIH Intern/Fellow programs and participant responsibilities.
Key Policies

A variety of policies govern the MI/PMF programs. The following is a brief list grouped by the source of the policy.

- **Office of Personnel Management**
  
  - Pathways Program – An initiative to help agencies recruit and hire America’s well-qualified students and recent graduates into rewarding careers in the federal public service.
  
  - Veterans Preference – A policy applied by OPM when selecting program finalists and again by NIH during the hiring process before making offers to candidates. At NIH, all veterans on a list of eligibles must be hired before nonveterans can be considered.
  
  - Career Opportunity Training Agreement (COTA) – A career development tool used by the MI program that allows double credit for experience, such that an MI who is seeking to qualify for a position can spend six months rotating in that role and be eligible as if they have been in that role for a year.
• **Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics**

A two-year pilot program to recruit PMF candidates in Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics (STEM) fields. The ICs used this program extensively for designated PMFs. Although STEM candidates will remain in the PMF pool, OPM no longer provides this as a separate, stand-alone program.

• **Health and Human Services**

  o All PMFs must be selected through the OPM announcement and recruitment process.
  o PMFs have a Full Performance Level (FPL) to the GS-13.
  o HHS does not allow Appointments Above the Minimum (ATMs) for the PMF program.
  o Initial Appointments:
    ▪ At-large PMFs are hired at the GS-9 level. Designated PMFs are hired at the GS-9 level or may be appointed at the GS-11 level if the candidate has a doctoral-level degree.
    ▪ MIs are hired at the GS-9 or GS-11 level, depending on their position prior to conversion to an MI.

  o Conversions to Permanent Positions:
    ▪ At-large PMFs have an FPL of GS-12, but designated PMFs may have an FPL at the GS-13 if they were initially appointed at the GS-11 level.
    ▪ MIs have an FPL to the GS-12 level and may not be at a higher grade than the GS-11 level while in the program.

  o At-Large Core Rotations:

    All at-large interns and fellows are required to complete three core rotations, including at least two in administrative management, budget, human resources, and grants management. The third core rotation can include one of the above additional rotations, but may also include rotations in acquisitions, communications, information technology, and program and management analysis.

**Historical Background**

NIH has used a variety of staff development programs to develop its leadership over the years. Many of these programs, such as the Management Cadre Program, Administrative Fellows Program, Emerging Leaders (an HHS initiative), and the STRIDE program no longer exist, either due to changes in NIH administrative requirements or OPM guidance. However, the PMF program has also been broadened to include the
use of designated positions. All of these programs have been tracked over time to better assess how NIH is meeting critical recruitment and training needs. Graduates of these programs have historically stayed at NIH, and many have also participated in NIH’s mid-level, senior, and executive leadership programs.

Note: 2017 and 2018 graduation numbers assume that all MIs and PMFs currently onboard will graduate from the programs.

**Strategy**

**Recruiting the Right Talent**

To recruit the right talent into the intern programs, the ATC begins by taking a broad look at the administrative needs across NIH. Through OHR, the ATC has access to NIH-wide data on attrition, retirement, and hiring trends per job function, providing a starting point for anticipating administrative job gaps at NIH. It is also important to account for factors affecting workforce trends (e.g., technology and policy changes). Once we have identified target positions for ATC efforts, we determine which
skills and competencies are needed. In addition to functional and technical expertise, key competencies include soft skills such as emotional intelligence, communication skills, and adaptive thinking. Our current job application and interview processes provide an initial opportunity to describe and market the critical job functions that we hope to fill with new interns and fellows. This is a crucial step for setting candidate expectations, conveying the importance of mission-critical administrative jobs, and identifying candidates’ soft skills and other competencies. Each year, the ATC reassesses its initial assumptions to determine if efforts over the past year have achieved the desired results. Our recruitment strategy is modified as needed for the coming year to adapt to the changing work environment and staffing needs.

Use of the Intern/Fellows Programs to Help Fill Key Positions

Establishing clear pathways to more satisfying and meaningful careers at NIH is essential to attracting and retaining high-caliber prospective candidates. The ATC champions a strategy that incorporates effective communication, employment branding, broad sourcing, job prioritization, two full years of rotational opportunities, and the promotion of a diverse workforce to help strengthen our recruitment and retention of top performers. Through unique partnerships with hiring managers, IC leaders, human resources specialists, training professionals, and rotational supervisors, the IM/PMF programs are able to develop leaders to help meet NIH’s future staffing needs.

Over the years, intern/fellow recruitment targets have shifted to address immediate NIH priorities. For example, from 2007–2010, the Administrative Fellows Program addressed a large-scale need for hiring high-performing administrative staff in fields ranging from Administrative Officers to Contract Officers. This time-limited program had a major impact on NIH, graduating as many as 53 interns in 2009. This year, due to a hiring freeze and budget uncertainties, the ATC paused recruitment of the MI and At-large PMF programs, but is in the process of recruiting for a much larger number of Designated PMFs, as the PMF program was one of the few programs excepted from the hiring freeze (the results of the recruitments were still pending at the time of publication). Future NIH needs may include a stronger pipeline for rising budget analysts, which may influence MI and PMF hiring and rotation decisions as part of the next intern recruitment cycle. The ability to adapt to and incorporate timely NIH needs is a clear strength of these programs.

Future Opportunities and Challenges – Options to Maximize Value

In coordination with ICs, the ATC leverages the intern and fellows programs to help address recruitment, retention, and succession planning challenges in the NIH community. As we look ahead to future opportunities and challenges for the ATC and the programs it oversees, several questions arise:
How can the ATC help enhance NIH’s competitive edge in recruiting and retaining the best talent for the agency?

How can the ATC be more proactive in identifying and filling mission-critical gaps in the ranks of administrative staff?

What are the best strategies to ensure that interns/fellows continue to grow their careers at NIH after graduation?

How can we continue to utilize the full breadth of NIH administrative training opportunities and flexibilities to strategically meet NIH’s mission needs?

What is the continued role of these programs during times of workforce restructuring, reduction, and limited budgets?

Given the current uncertainties about agency budget and staffing levels, it is the goal of the ATC to take a strategic approach in targeting the recruitment and training programs.

Survey Findings/Data

Interns and fellows complete an annual survey about their program experience as part of the ATC’s ongoing program assessment. The 2016 survey indicated that 90 percent of respondents who were program graduates believed their experience would assist them in succeeding in their new positions. MIs and PMFs both ranked orientation, rotations, and mentoring as the most helpful elements of their programs. MIs found their training budget to be particularly helpful, while PMFs valued their meetings with the Executive Officers (EOs) and senior leaders in the NIH Office of Management (OM) to be the most useful. Ninety percent of respondents expressed that the program either met or exceeded their expectations.

Thinking back to your expectations coming into the Internship/Fellowship, how well did your experience match with your expectations prior to start of the program?

- Fell short of my expectations
- Met my expectations
- Exceeded my expectations
- Not Sure

% of Responses

1 5 4 0% 10% 20% 30% 40% 50% 60% 70% 80% 90% 100%
In addition, 100 percent of respondents:

- Felt they were assigned meaningful projects in rotations
- Could balance rotational and programmatic responsibilities
- Planned to stay at NIH for at least five years, with 66 percent planning to remain at NIH indefinitely.

Survey data have also been used to identify opportunities to further develop and refine the intern/fellow programs. For example:

- After the one-year Progress Survey showed a decline in satisfaction with the intern SharePoint site, the ATC worked with the intern community to improve the site.
- The ATC and the NIHTC collaborated to address the roles of MIs/PMFs in planning the NIH Management Seminar Series (MSS).
- The ATC and the NIHTC are exploring additional opportunities to involve MIs/PMFs in planning broad impact events across NIH.

**Strategic Goals for the Coming Year**

The ATC will continue to evolve and engage with its stakeholders, interns, and fellows to ensure that programs meet the changing needs and environment of the NIH and advance the careers of MIs and PMFs. The ATC will continue to partner with the ICs to attract and train exceptional employees and address succession planning and workforce development priorities through the following initiatives:

- Leveraging the MI and PMF programs to respond to hiring needs during challenging budgetary climates.
- Researching new recruitment opportunities to effectively and efficiently meet NIH’s needs.
- Strengthening the MI, PMF, and program alumni communities through continuing education and engagement.
- Communicating to NIH leaders, managers, and supervisors to increase awareness of ATC programs.
- Reviewing programs and aligning marketing and recruiting approaches with all NIH stakeholders, including Boomer, Generation X, and Millennial populations.

**Return on Investment**

There is a significant return on investment (ROI) for the NIH and the individual ICs that host rotation experiences or ultimately hire an MI/PMF.
Participation

In any given year, the ATC will facilitate the graduation and conversion of MIs/PMFs into their new home IC, recruit the next class of MIs/PMFs, and continue to mentor and provide career development to second-year MIs/PMFs.

In August 2016, the ATC successfully graduated and converted the following individuals:

- MI: Richard Clinkscales, Andrew Nawrot, Amanda Rogers
- PMF: Ty Lawson

In August 2016, the ATC recruited and hired the following new class of MIs/PMFs:

- MI: Gary Berkson, Louis Choporis, Tammy Magid, Kristen Welch
- PMF: Todd Kliche, Jef Palframan, Laura Prakash

Throughout 2016 to the present, the ATC successfully mentored and provided career development for the Class of 2017, which includes the following individuals:

- MI: Rebecca Coca, Rick Hawkins, Steevenson Nelson, Sarah Scharf, Melissa Shue, Erica Vass
- PMF: Michael Apata, Cooper McClendon, Matthew Sierra

Notable Contributions Made During Rotations

The MI/PMF Classes of 2016 and 2017 were involved in approximately 12,800 hours of rotations at 16 ICs, including the NIH Office of the Director. MIs/PMFs often take on meaningful assignments and tackle unexpected and complex projects that must be completed quickly. Rotations provide outstanding career development experiences for each MI/PMF and a tangible ROI for each IC that has hosted a 3- to 6-month rotation opportunity. Highlights of notable accomplishments by MI/PMFs during several IC-hosted rotations are described below:

- MIs/PMFs developed an HR tracking tool for administrative and leadership staff. This required process mapping of all HR actions from inception to completion and creating a robust tool to easily track these actions. The streamlined process continues to deliver valuable metrics on processing HR recruitment packages.
- MIs/PMFs implemented an automated performance management system in one IC. Extensive change management activities were developed, including a
timeline for implementation, training videos, in-person and WebEx training sessions, and troubleshooting approaches. Project activities included partnering with several other ICs, adding value across NIH.

- In response to concerns associated with “active shooter” events across the country, MIs/PMFs helped to develop a Trans-NIH Active Shooter Training series, in collaboration with five ICs, that provided real-life scenarios and best options for acting during a stressful event.
- MIs/PMFs organized an international network meeting for NIH grantees. Extensive research was conducted to consolidate critical grant information needed for an NIH report to the White House.
- MIs/PMFs reviewed and analyzed 40+ projects that spanned more than 10 years to facilitate a critical ongoing management review of scientific programs.
- MIs/PMFs developed and launched a trans-NIH training through a collaboration with OHR and the Office of Research Services to inform and educate supervisors about NIH resources and services. This resulted in marketing these programs across NIH and provided supervisory and employee training.
- MIs/PMFs developed and deployed a formal policy to ensure full compliance with the use of Professional Support Orders. The project required extensive benchmarking across several ICs, partnering with the NIH Office of Acquisitions and Logistics Management to clarify NIH policies and guidelines, and preparing an analysis and documentation of findings. The policy led to improved efficiency and compliance for staff and accurate and timely payments to vendors.
- MIs/PMFs developed an automated process to sign interagency agreements, including a change management process, training materials, and a pilot of the new procedures, resulting in a more streamlined and efficient process.
- MIs/PMFs developed and managed a successful international workshop, providing critical support at reduced costs.

A Focus on Training

Rotational placements provide opportunities to become familiar with the dozens of varied administrative and leadership career paths at NIH, and formal training experiences allow for in-depth exploration of complex IC projects. In 2016, interns and fellows were provided with a training budget of $2,500 per person, which was augmented by a number of internal training programs such as the NIH Management Seminar Series, and the MIs/PMFs took an average of 125 hours of training, amounting to about $20 per training hour.

MIs/PMFs also contribute while learning by serving in critical roles on NIH committees and workgroups. Below is a list of roles and committees that MIs/PMFs supported in 2016:
• Executive Secretary, Intramural Administrative Management Council
• Executive Secretary, Extramural Administrative Management Council
• Executive Secretary, Deputy Ethics Council
• Executive Secretary, CIVIL Advisory Committee
• Member, Budget Execution Class Development Committee
• Member, Management Analyst Working Group
• Member, Budget Analyst Working Group
• Member, Adult Dependent Care Committee
• Member, ATC Funding Model Working Group

Hiring Flexibilities to Fill Important Positions

MI/PMF hiring authorities provide NIH supervisors and managers with additional options for filling critical staff positions. The rigorous recruitment process for MI/PMFs and their two-year immersion into many ICs and programs enables candidates to graduate from their programs ready to hit the ground running. PMFs are often exempt from potential hiring freezes, providing additional hiring flexibilities.

Return on Investment – Long-Term Contributions

Over the years, many MI/PMFs have gone on to serve in critical NIH leadership positions. Below are a few notable examples:

• Executive Officers in NIDA, NIDDK, NCCIH, NCATS
• Deputy Executive Officers in OD, NIDCD
• Budget Officers in NCATS and NIGMS
• Director, Office of Acquisition and Logistics Management, OD
• Director, Office of Science Policy, Planning, and Communications, NIAMS
• Chief, Science Policy and Planning Branch, NIDCD
• Director, Office of Internal Management and Planning, OHR
• Director, Office of Workforce Management and Development, NCI
• Ethics Coordinator, NIAMS
• Senior Leadership in the NIH Office of AIDS Research

MI/PMFs also continue to give back to the NIH community long after graduation from their respective programs. Each year, former MI/PMFs are appointed to the ATC or the MI and PMF subcommittees. This year’s committees were comprised of 14 former MI/PMFs. Five former MI/PMFs provided rotational placements and six served as mentors this year for members of the current class.

MI/PMF alumni have been integral to creating resources for the incoming class. This past year, three former alumni were involved in creating a budget rotation checklist for current MI/PMFs who were interested in a budget rotation or career. The checklist also
helped rotational supervisors identify relevant projects. This checklist was then also used to augment an EO/OM Strategic Planning initiative to ensure a robust training and succession program for the budget community.

In February 2016, the ATC formed a focus group to address concerns of MI/PMF alumni regarding gaps in engagement with the program following conversion to a permanent position. The focus group met with and solicited feedback from current and former MIs, PMFs, and Administrative Fellows. Based on results from the survey, three workgroups were formed to establish engagement resources that could be used by alumni, potential rotational supervisors, and current MIs/PMFs. Workgroup goals include developing an alumni profile database and planning alumni networking, informal mentoring, and reunion events.

**Communication Efforts and Strategy**

Key responsibilities of the ATC include marketing and promoting the MI/PMF programs across NIH, as well as communicating with the ICs to understand their hiring and administrative needs. Some of the successful communication strategies are highlighted below.

**Communicating Successes and Accomplishments**

- **NIH Community Involvement**
  ATC members, current and former interns/fellows, rotational supervisors, and NIH/IC leadership officials often share first-hand knowledge and experiences at trans-NIH meetings, workgroups, and committees. For example, in 2016, presentations were made at both EO meetings and the Scientific Training Managers’ meeting to help educate participants about how the MI and PMF programs can benefit their ICs.

- **ATC Website**
  The ATC’s website [https://trainingcenter.nih.gov/atc/](https://trainingcenter.nih.gov/atc/) provides key information about MI and PMF program eligibility and the application process. The MI page promotes the MI email listserv for continuous program engagement and features profiles of current and past interns.

- **NIH Newsletters**
  The ATC regularly promotes the MI/PMF programs through the biweekly staff newsletter, the *NIH Record*; the bimonthly intramural staff newsletter, *The Catalyst*; and the NIH Training Center’s quarterly newsletter, *Highlights*. Contributions made by current and former interns/fellows are featured and articles are often authored by interns and fellows.
- **Management Intern Subcommittee Marketing Plan**
  The Management Intern Subcommittee has embarked on a year-round marketing plan to raise awareness of the program to prospective applicants, rotational supervisors, and the broader NIH community. The committee maps out their activities in quarterly cycles with ongoing monthly progress reviews, as illustrated below:

  ![Management Intern Ongoing Recruitment and Marketing Plan](image)

  **Goal:** Recruit potential MIs and market the program to the NIH community year-round.

- **Alumni Engagement Activities**
  MI/PMF alumni have a long tradition of giving back to the community and a desire to play an active role in past and current programs by sharing personal success stories and experiences, and serving as mentors, rotational supervisors, and/or as ATC members.

- **MI/PMF Orientation**
  The onboarding process includes a two-week orientation for incoming candidates designed by current interns/fellows. Staff across administrative areas at NIH help set expectations and convey program information essential for success. Current MIs/PMFs gain experience in coordinating a key program, developing guidance, exploring best practices, and managing resources.
Recommendations for Future Communication Strategies

Suggested strategies for promoting the MI/PMF programs include the following:

Expand outreach to communicate the purpose and value of the MI/PMF programs across the broader NIH community
Seek input from the HR Advisory Committee, Office of Management, various NIH committees, EOs, IC leadership, OM leadership, and other key groups.

Utilize career maps
Work with ICs to develop and utilize tools to help interns successfully meet competency and training requirements targeted to careers in critical job occupations with higher vacancy rates. Encourage conversion into positions with a great need for new talent such as Budget, Contracts, and Administrative Officers.

Develop a social media presence
About seven-in-ten Americans use social media to connect, engage, share information, and entertain themselves. Through targeted message planning, interns/fellows can directly engage potential candidates and others by posting news and information about their respective programs on social media platforms such as Facebook, Twitter, and LinkedIn, including those hosted by the Intramural Research Program, the NIH Office of Human Resources, and NIH Office of Equity, Diversity and Inclusion (EDI), and individual ICs.

Highlight the work and activities of Mls/PMFs through video vignettes
Videos allow audiences to hear directly from the fellows/interns and the rotational office staff. Vignettes can also cultivate a level of connection and commitment not typically found in more traditional marketing mediums. The NIH EDI office has used its Telling Our Stories video project very effectively to that end.

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Enhance publicity through NIH publications
Develop regular short articles for the NIH Record and The Catalyst to showcase an MI/PMF class, individual fellows, or a rotational supervisor. Include background on the intern/fellow, why they came to the NIH, anecdotes about their inspiration for applying to the program, lessons learned, and what rotational supervisors like about working with the programs. Include a photograph of the intern/fellow and the rotational supervisor.

Explore ways to develop a more visible presence on the NIH employment page
The ATC plans to partner with Jobs@NIH administrators to develop relevant content for the existing NIH employment page as tweets for their @NIHforJobs social media feeds. Content can include candid photographs of interns/fellows “on the job,” management program videos from NIH and OPM, feature stories about current and former interns/fellows, and program contact information.

Training the Next Generation
The MI and PMF programs have a demonstrated ability to develop best-in-class candidates for NIH leadership positions. These programs provide experiences that uniquely position graduates to contribute to and lead a breadth of administrative functions at NIH from a multidisciplinary and cross-organizational perspective. Many graduates are already leaders in administrative management, including EOs, OM managers, and IC leadership officials, including Deputy EOs, and office chiefs. The ATC continues to evolve to ensure that its programs and graduates adapt to changing NIH workforce needs.

NIH staff who are interested in serving on the ATC or as a rotational supervisor or mentor should contact the NIH Training Center.

- PMF: John Abrams – john.abrams@nih.gov, 301-451-3756
- MI: Bob Michon – bob.michon@nih.gov, 301-496-0264
Appendix 1: Members of the Administrative Training Committee contributing to this report:

Tim Wheeles, ATC Chair
Ellen Rolfes, ATC Vice Chair
Sally Lee, ATC Past Chair
Kristen Dunn-Thomason, OHR Director’s Representative
Bekah Geiger, PMF Subcommittee Chair
Anita Linde, PMF Subcommittee Vice Chair
Kathleen Stephan, PMF Subcommittee Past Chair
Don Bordine, MI Subcommittee Chair
Randy Redmond, MI Subcommittee Vice Chair
Colleen McGowan, MI Subcommittee Past Chair
John Abrams, OHR
Bob Michon, OHR
Scott Jackson
Tim Puetz
Debbie Pettitt
Ty Lawson
Jennifer Dreier
Alexis Clark
Lisa Portnoy
Kelli Carrington
Ginger Betson
Caleb Hartsfield
Elena Juris,
Kelly Lawhead
Jennifer Loukissas
Louis Chorisis